# ELIZADE UNIVERSITY, ILARA – MOKIN, NIGERIA

### FACULTY OF BASIC AND APPLIED SCIENCES

## DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL SCIENCES

2015/2016 ACADEMIC SESSION: SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

COURSE TITLE: EXPERIMENTAL CHEMISTRY II

**COURSE CODE: CHM 210** 

INSTRUCTIONS: ATTEMPT ONE QUESTION TIME: 3.5 HOURS

#### **QUESTION ONE**

You are provided with water samples labelled A and B. Stating the procedures for each parameter given below, determine the

- I. pH
- II. Total solids
- III. Alkalinity.
  - a. Discuss the importance of pH, alkalinity and total solids as parameters for water quality assurance.
  - b. Explain the term alkalinity
  - c. List four environmental significance of alkalinity
  - d. Define the term pH?

## **QUESTION TWO**

You are provided with 0.125g sample of chalk. Place the chalk sample in 250 mL of conical flask, add 50.00 mL distilled water and 0.200 M HCl using a pipette and back titrate the excess HCl with 0.250 M NaOH.

- A. Outline the procedure for this experiment
- B. Write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction and derive an expression for the equilibrium constant.

#### Calculate:

- C. The concentration of Ca<sup>2+</sup> from the saturated Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub> solution
- D. The standard deviation of your result
- E. The solubility product of Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub>
- F. Compare the observed value to the theoretical value by calculating the percentage error in your observed value and theoretical value. Give plausible reason(s) for the difference in these values
- G. How will you prevent the conversion of the supernatant solution to carbonate